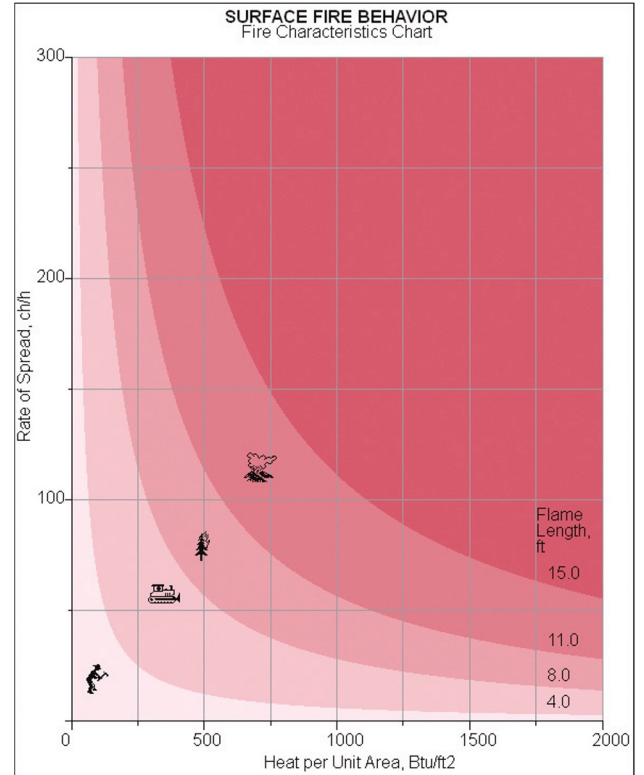
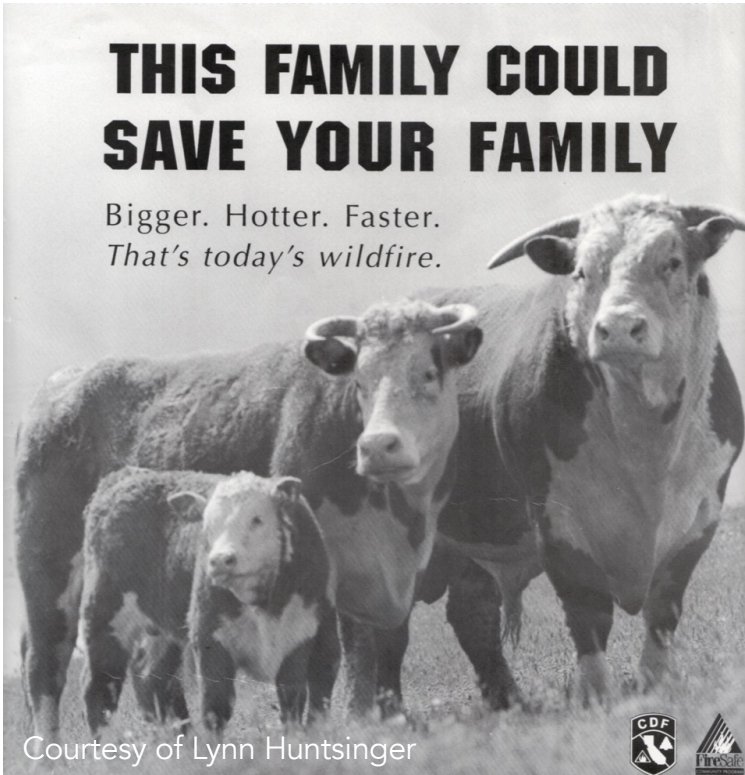


# Science of livestock fuels management and fire danger reduction "Targeted Grazing for Fuel Reduction" RMAC/Cal-Pac; May 8, 2023

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"Livestock can help stop fires before they start. They can save your life and property by establishing defensible space..."

-CDF Director Richard Wilson

Rustici Endowment: "Quantitative assessment of range use effects on fire behavior"  
 Project Partners: Roxanne Foss, Shane Dewees, Lenya Quinn-Davidson, Jeff Stackhouse, Luke Macaulay

Stratification Variables	Weather Variables	Dependent Variables
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Treatment (Biomass)</li> <li>• Slope</li> <li>• Vegetation Zone</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Temperature</li> <li>• Relative humidity</li> <li>• Wind speed</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flame height</li> <li>• Passing 10m</li> <li>• Cover of burned, ash, etc.</li> <li>• Rate of spread</li> <li>• Surface temperature</li> </ul>



Biomass Range (lbs/acre)	Grazing Level	Potential Fire Behavior
>3,500	Ungrazed	Likely flame heights above 4 ft and all biomass is burned
3,500 to 2,500	Ungrazed or very light	Possible flames above 4 ft and majority burned
2,500 to 1,250	Light to moderate	Flames likely below 4 ft and fire will not be stopped
1,250 to 400	Moderate to heavy	Flames below 4 ft and fire may be stopped
<400	Very heavy	Flames below 4 ft and highly likely fire stopped